

Metal Mask Objectives:

- 1. Use aluminum metal to create a creative mask.
- 2. Include patterns & designs on the face & in the background.
- 3. Incorporate 2-3 symbols.
- 4. Make a <u>creative</u> background for the mask.



Student Examples!

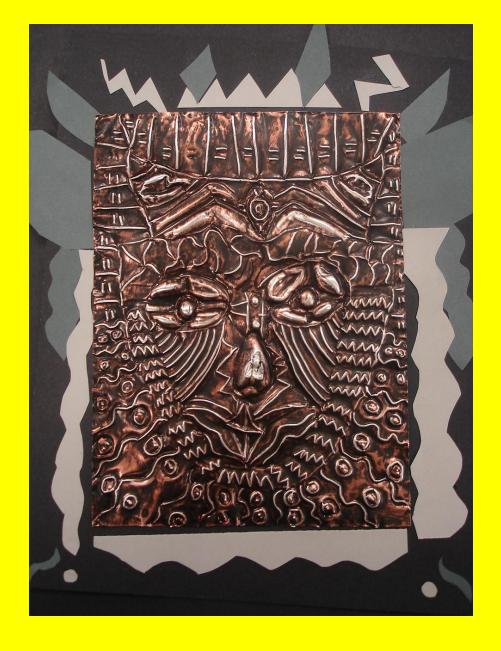














1. MASKS

- <u>Face coverings</u> that disguise the wearer.
- They communicate an alternate identity.
- They can serve as a protective screen for the face.



2. Repousse – Forming a pattern in metal by pushing up from the underside.

3. Metal Tooling (Metal-Smithing) – decoration on metal; done with metal tools.

4. Relief sculpture – A kind of sculpture that stands out from a flat background.

Repousse & Low Relief Sculpture Examples:

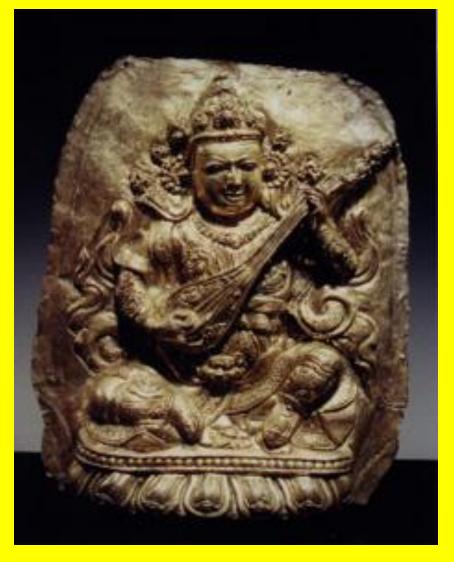
Low Relief - Quarter



Coins...



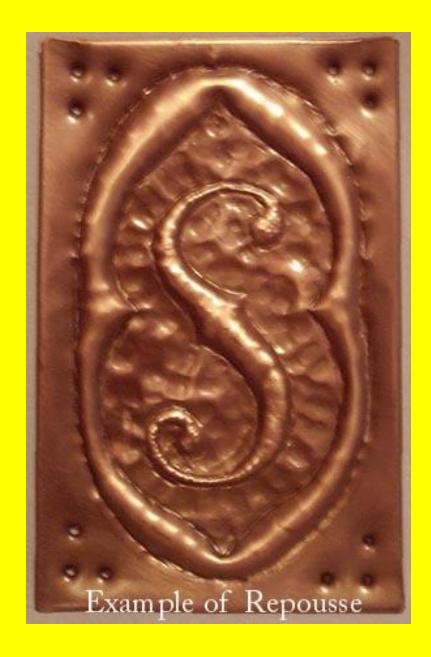
ARABIC COIN



Low Relief BUDDHA



CELTIC KNOT Repousse





Where did Masks originate?

The history of masks dates back to the <u>Greeks</u>. Masks were part of traditional ceremonies & rituals.

Who Uses Them?

Many <u>ancient cultures</u> utilized masks as tools of emotional conquest. They were used in rituals, performances, social events, celebrations, etc.

What Do They Symbolize?

Ritual masks symbolize <u>cultural beliefs</u>. Depending on the culture, they might symbolize a deity, spirit, rite of passage, etc.

5. Types of Masks:

- a. Ritual Masks
- b. Theatrical Masks
- c. Protective Masks



a. Ritual Masks

- -<u>Depict deities</u>, mythological beings, & <u>spirits for ceremonies & dances</u>.
- The dancer who wears a mask in a ceremony is believed to be transformed into the spirit represented by the mask.
- -Ritual masks are believed to contain great power, being potentially dangerous unless handled with the proper care.







Ritual Masks specific to Native America:













b. Theatrical Masks

- -Masks for plays & theatrical performances.
- -Romans had tragic & comic masks.
- Medieval European masks portrayed dragons, monsters, allegorical characters.
- -Renaissance "half masks" covered the eyes and nose only.

















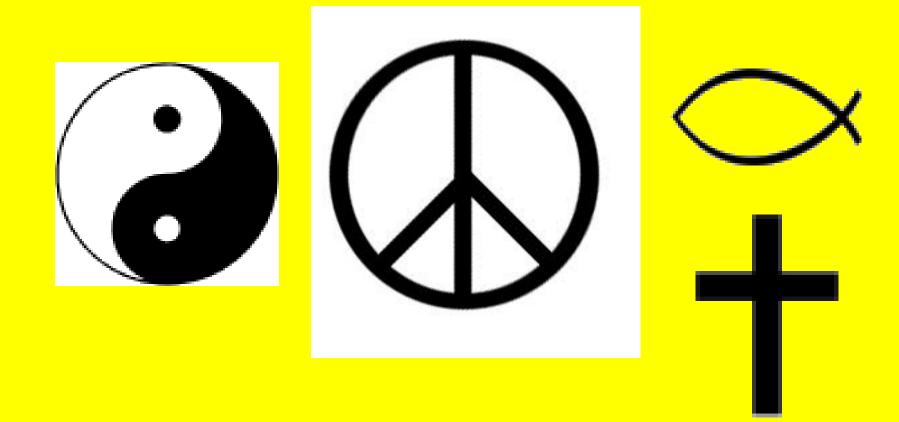
c. Protective Masks:

- Worn in battle or sports for safety & protection
- The faceplates of medieval European armor had grimacing facial features
- In Ancient Roman tournaments soldiers often wore symbolically decorated masks on their helmets.





6. Symbols – Pictures that represent a meaning.



*Creatively incorporate
2 or 3 symbols in your
mask

*Alternative assignment:

Use a symbol as the main design in your metal work of art!



Let's begin!!! Draw 3 Mask Design Thumbnails

• They can be ritual, theatrical, protective, social or just plain artistic!

• Use simple patterns and designs on the face & in the background.

Creatively incorporate 2-3 symbols.

GRADING

• Sketches: 30% for 3 thumbnails

70% for final sketch on 8"x 6"

•Final metal artwork is a major grade