Organelle	Plant	Animal	Structure	Function		
Cell Wall	<b>✓</b>		stiff, surrounds cell gives shape and support, he stand upright, made of cell			
Cell Membrane	<b>V</b>	✓	thin, flexible, like skin, semi- permeable controls what goes in and out of cell such as water, nutrients, ar waste.			
Nucleus	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	large, round, near center of cell, appears darker			
Nuclear Membrane	✓	<b>V</b>	thin layer, surrounds the nucleus	protection, controls the materials that move in and out of the nucleus		
Mitochondria	✓	<b>V</b>	oval, footprint shape	powerhouse, burns sugar to produce most energy for the cell		
Endoplasmic Reticulum (E. R.)	<b>✓</b>	✓	ribbon like, folded membrane, tubes, can be smooth or rough	delivery system, passageways that carry materials from one part of the cell to another		
Ribosome	✓	✓	tiny, dark, round, no membrane, can be attached to the E.R.	makes proteins and passes them to the E.R.		
Golgi Body	✓	Ø	stacks of flattened sacs, channels, folded membrane	receive proteins and other materials from the E.R. Packages them and distribute them to other parts of the cell.		
Chloroplast	✓		oval shape	capture energy from the sun and use it to produce food for plant cells		
Vacuole	✓		large, round, fluid filled sac	stores water and nutrients needed by cell and also stores waste		
Lysosome	<b>✓</b>	✓	small, round, bag like	contains enzymes (chemicals) to digest wastes, foods, and worn or damaged cells.		
Chromosome	✓	✓	string like colored bodies	carry the code material (DNA) that controls the cells activities		
Cytoplasm	✓	<b>✓</b>	fluid, clear, jellylike	constantly moving fluid that contains organelles, provides shape and support		

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